BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Introductory Section
Principal County Officials
Einensiel Castien
Financial Section
Independent Auditors' Report
Management's Discussion and Analysis
Basic Financial Statements
Government - Wide Statements:
Statement of Net Position
Statement of Activities
Governmental Fund Financial Statements:
Balance Sheet
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the
Statement of Net Position
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds 22
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities
Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements:
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
Notes to the Financial Statements
Required Supplementary Information
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Road and Bridge
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Capital Projects
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability
Schedule of Employer Contributions
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
Combining Statements
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:
Combining Balance Sheet
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Road and Bridge Funds:
Combining Balance Sheet
Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual
Capital Project Funds
Combining Balance Sheet
Combining Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual
Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities – All Agency Funds

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS PRINCIPAL COUNTY OFFICIALS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

COMMISSIONERS COURT

COUNTY JUDGE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS PRECINCT 1 PRECINCT 2 PRECINCT 3 PRECINCT 4

JUDICIAL

220TH DISTRICT JUDGE COUNTY COURT AT LAW JUSTICE OF THE PEACE PRECINCT 1 PRECINCT 2

LAW ENFORCEMENT AND LEGAL

220th DISTRICT ATTORNEY COUNTY ATTORNEY SHERIFF CONSTABLES PRECINCT 1 PRECINCT 2

FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION

COUNTY AUDITOR * COUNTY TREASURER TAX ASSESSOR – COLLECTOR

COURT CLERKS

COUNTY CLERK DISTRICT CLERK DON POOL

MARVIN WICKMAN TERRY TOWNLEY LARRY PHILIPP RONNY LIARDON

SHAUN CARPENTER LUKE GIESECKE

JEFF HIGHTOWER JAMIE ZANDER

ADAM SIBLEY NATALIE KOEHLER ANTHONY MALOTT

SCOTT FERGUSON BRYAN PRESCHER

KENT REEVES CARLA SIGLER ARLENE SWINEY

TABATHA FERGUSON JUANITA MILLER

*Denotes appointed official. All others are elected officials.

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Members of the Commissioners' Court Bosque County, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bosque County, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bosque County, Texas, as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and pension funding progress information on pages 9 through 14 and 49 through 55 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Bosque County's financial statements. The introductory section and combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Boucher, Morgan & Young

Stephenville, Texas November 30, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

The management of Bosque County presents a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of Bosque County exceed its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$16.2 million. Of this amount, \$6 million in unrestricted net position may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors in accordance with the County's fiscal policies.
- The County's total net position increased by \$1 million.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Bosque County's governmental funds reported an ending fund balance of \$8.0 million of which \$2.8 million is restricted for special purposes.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements — The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. This includes the Statement of Net Position and the statement of activities.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs (accrual basis), regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods such as uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences.

Fund Financial Statements — A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities for objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be categorized as governmental funds. The focus of the fund financial statements is on major funds that meet minimum criteria (a percentage of assets, liabilities, revenue or expenditures of fund category and of the governmental funds combined), or those that the County wishes to report as major.

Nonmajor funds are aggregated and shown in a single column. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds — Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains various individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, Road and Bridge, Debt Service and Capital Projects, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 19-24 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds — Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government.

The Fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 25 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements — The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 27-47.

Required Supplementary Information Other than MD&A — Accounting standards generally accepted in the United States of America require, in addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, the report present certain required supplementary information. Retirement plan funding progress is included in this section along with schedules of actual and budgetary comparisons of the County's General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds.

Combining Statements and Schedules — The combining statements in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following required supplementary information in the County's financials.

GOVERNMENT - WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS:

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$16.3 million as of September 30, 2019.

The largest portion of the County's net position reflected its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, building, and equipment), less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, the assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

BOSQUE COUNTY'S STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

current riscar year, the County's net position increased by \$1 minon.						
		2019		2018		
Revenues:						
Program Revenues						
Fines, Fees, and Charges for Services	\$	2,301,076	\$	2,155,689		
Operating Grants & Contributions		283,180		396,508		
General Revenues						
Property Taxes		8,121,339		7,794,444		
Other Taxes		639,116		671,227		
Investment Earnings		238,846		169,098		
Miscellaneous		166,774		318,315		
Total Revenues		11,750,331		11,505,281		
Expenses:						
Governmental activities		10,731,586		10,218,158		
Change in net position		1,018,745		1,287,123		
Net position-beginning		15,229,867		13,942,744		
Net position-ending	\$	16,248,612	\$	15,229,867		

During the current fiscal year, the County's net position increased by \$1 million.

BOSQUE	COUNTY'S	NET POSITION
--------	----------	--------------

	2019		2019 2018	
Current and other assets	\$	8,880,952	\$	8,773,739
Capital assets		16,304,712		16,718,779
Total Assets		25,185,664		25,492,518
Deferred outflows		841,276		174,967
Total assets and deferred outflows		26,026,940		25,667,485
Current liabilities		880,353		903,604
Noncurrent liabilities		8,858,259		9,237,967
Total Liabilities		9,738,612		10,141,571
Deferred inflows		39,716		296,047
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets		7,446,453		7,130,812
Restricted		2,798,915		2,567,033
Unrestricted		6,003,244		5,532,022
Total Net Position	\$	16,248,612	\$	15,229,867

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS:

Governmental Funds - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financial requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance of the General Fund was \$4.9 million, while total fund balance for all governmental funds was \$8 million.

During the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the County's General Fund increased by \$858 thousand.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights - Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget resulted in no effect to the planned change in fund balance.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of September 30, 2019, amounts to \$16.3 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and equipment.

Capital assets at year-end, net of accumulated depreciation were as follows:

	Governmental Activities			
	2019	2018		
Land	\$ 160,264	\$ 160,264		
Buildings and improvements	14,424,373	14,845,211		
Furniture and equipment	1,710,443	1,697,747		
Infrastructure	9,632	15,557		
Construction in process		-		
Total	\$ 16,304,712	\$16,718,779		

BOSQUE COUNTY'S CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR-END

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County's total long-term debt outstanding was comprised of the following:

	Government	al Activities
	2019	2018
General obligation bond	\$ 9,218,259	\$ 9,587,967

Additional information on Bosque County's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements of this report.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

The financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances. If you have any questions about this report or need any additional information, contact the County Auditor, 104 W Morgan, Meridian, Texas 76665, or call (254) 435-2611.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION **SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

SEI TEMBER 50, 2017	Primary Government Governmental		
		Activities	
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,976,776	
Investments-current		1,319,445	
Taxes receivable (net of allowances for uncollectible)		412,884	
Fines receivable		42,602	
Other receivable		2,174	
Intergovernmental receivables		37,804	
Prepaid items		74,153	
Net pension asset		15,114	
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):			
Land		160,264	
Infrastructure		9,632	
Buildings, net		14,424,373	
Furniture and equipment, net		1,710,443	
Total Assets		25,185,664	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS			
Deferred retirement contributions		162,023	
Deferred investment experience		655,620	
Deferred assumption/input changes		23,633	
Total Deferred Outflows		841,276	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable		257,088	
Accrued liabilities		201,774	
Due to other governments		61,491	
General obligation - due within one year		360,000	
Noncurrent liabilities:			
General obligation-due in more than one year		8,858,259	
Total Liabilities		9,738,612	
DEFERRED INFLOWS			
Deferred actual vs. assumption		39,716	
Total Deferred Inflows		39,716	
NET POSITION:			
Net investment in capital assets		7,446,453	
Restricted for:		7,770,752	
Restricted for special revenue funds		2,634,678	
Restricted for debt service		2,034,076	
Unrestricted net position		6,003,244	
Total Net Position	\$	16,248,612	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. $16\,$

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

				Progra	m Revenues
				Operating	
		C	Charges for		ants and
	Expenses	Services		Services Contrib	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:					
Governmental Activities:					
Public finance	\$ 769,665	\$	92,708	\$	2,089
General administration	2,123,088		294,723		-
Judicial	2,029,190		1,061,875		-
Public safety and law enforcement	3,408,119		122,644		142,779
Roads	2,134,012		729,126		43,436
Health and welfare	-		-		94,876
Other - debt interest and fees	 267,512				
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 10,731,586	\$	2,301,076	\$	283,180

General Revenues:

Property Taxes, levied for general purposes Sales and other taxes Miscellaneous revenue Investment earnings Total General Revenues Change in Net Position Net Position - Beginning

6

Net Position - Ending

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

		Changes in Net Position			
C	lapital				
Gra	ints and	Primary Governmental			
Cont	ributions	Activities			
\$	-	\$	(674,868)		
	-	(1	1,828,365)		
	-		(967,315)		
	-	(3	3,142,696)		
	-	()	1,361,450)		
	-		94,876		
	-		(267,512)		
\$	_	(8	8,147,330)		
		8	8,121,339		
			639,116		

Net (Expense) Revenue and			
Changes in Net Position			

8,121,339
639,116
166,774
 238,846
 9,166,075
1,018,745
 15,229,867
\$ 16,248,612

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. $$18\ensuremath{$

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	General Fund		Road and Bridge	Capital Projects	
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,813,325	\$ 867,056	\$	318,494
Investments-current		304,781	1,014,664		-
Taxes receivable		330,424	54,418		1,221
Intergovernmental receivables		-	35,988		-
Other receivable		2,174	-		-
Prepaid items		53,816	15,444		1,000
Total Assets and Other Debits	\$	5,504,520	\$ 1,987,570	\$	320,715
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	179,530	\$ 68,968	\$	1,500
Due to other funds		50	-		-
Wages and salaries payable		138,363	26,682		-
Due to other governments		61,441	-		-
Total Liabilities		379,384	95,650		1,500
Deferred Inflows:					
Deferred revenues		248,035	36,736		1,221
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable		53,816	15,444		1,000
Restricted		-	1,839,740		-
Assigned		-	-		316,994
Committed		-	-		-
Unassigned		4,823,285			-
Total Fund Balances		4,877,101	1,855,184		317,994
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances	\$	5,504,520	\$ 1,987,570	\$	320,715

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. \$19\$

Debt		N	Nonmajor		Total		
Service		Go	vernmental	Go	overnmental		
	Fund		Funds	Funds			
\$	164,237		813,664	\$	6,976,776		
	-		-		1,319,445		
	26,281		540		412,884		
	-		1,816		37,804		
	-		-		2,174		
	-		3,893		74,153		
\$	190,518	\$	819,913	\$	8,823,236		
\$	-	\$	7,090	\$	257,088		
	-		-		50		
	-		17,521		182,566		
	-		-		61,441		
	-		24,611		501,145		
	26,281		364		312,637		
	-		-		70,260		
	164,237		794,938		2,798,915		
	-		-		316,994		
	-		-		-		
	-		-		4,823,285		
	164,237		794,938		8,009,454		
\$	190,518	\$	819,913	\$	8,823,236		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. \$20\$

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	8,009,454
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$26,270,806 and the accumulated depreciation was \$9,552,027. In addition, long-term liabilities of \$9,587,967 are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase net position.		7,130,812
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets with reductions in long-term debt in the Statement of Net Position. Debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources in the fund financial statements but are increases in long-term debt in the government wide financial statements. The net effect of including the 2019 capital outlays and debt principal is to increase net position.		743,532
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue and recognizing receivables only recorded in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net position.		336,031
The 2019 depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.		(787,891)
The statement of net position includes the County's proportionate share of the TCDRS net pension liability (asset) as well as certain pension related transactions accounted for as Deferred Inflows and Outflows of resources. The net effect of including the beginning balances for the County's proportionate share of the TCDRS net pension liability (asset) as well as current year adjustments are as follows.		
Net pension asset (liability)15,114Deferred retirement contributions162,023Deferred actual vs. assumption(39,716)Deferred investment experience655,620Deferred investment experience22,622		
Deferred assumption/input changes 23,633	<u> </u>	816,674
Net Position of Governmental Activities The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.	\$	16,248,612

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES **IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	General Fund	Road and Bridge	Capital Projects	
REVENUE	T unu	Dirage	110,000	
Taxes:				
Property taxes	\$ 6,285,713	\$ 1,012,497	\$ 33,942	
General sales and use taxes	641,264	-	-	
Auto registrations	-	422,076	-	
Intergovernmental revenue and grants	356,305	29,848	-	
Fines and fees	432,114	631,873	-	
Forfeitures	8	-	-	
Investment earnings	221,841	-	-	
Other revenue	95,924	-	-	
Total Revenues	8,033,169	2,096,294	33,942	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government:				
Public finance	759,997	-	-	
General administration	1,737,788	-	-	
Judicial and Legal	1,436,708	-	-	
Law Enforcement	2,775,508	-	-	
Roads	-	1,953,260	-	
Debt Service:				
Debt principal	-	-	-	
Debt interest and fees	-	-	-	
Capital Outlay:				
Capital Outlay	157,989	161,135	117,921	
Total Expenditures	6,867,990	2,114,395	117,921	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,165,179	(18,101)	(83,979)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Other revenue	-	48,500	-	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	
Transfers in	408,598	97,865	155,833	
Transfers out	(715,480)	(2,000)	(67,716)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		144,365	88,117	
Net Change in Fund Balances	858,297	126,264	4,138	
Fund Balances - Beginning	4,018,804	1,728,920	313,856	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 4,877,101	\$ 1,855,184	\$ 317,994	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. \$22\$

641,2 422,0 - 571,426 957,5	Debt Service	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
422,0 - 571,426 957,5 - 154,682 1,218,6	\$ 730,261	\$ 10,110		
- 154,682 1,218,6	-	-	641,264 422,076	
	-	571,426	957,579	
- 0	-		1,218,669	
2 157 194 224 1	-	Ŭ	8	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2,157		224,182	
		,	<u>116,782</u> 11,653,083	

-	1	759,998
-	195,780	1,933,568
-	575,834	2,012,542
-	13,655	2,789,163
-	-	1,953,260
350,000	-	350,000
287,220	-	287,220
-	84,071	521,116
637,220	869,341	10,606,867
95,198	(112,081)	1,046,216
-	-	48,500
(400)	-	(400)
-	219,092	881,388
	(96,192)	(881,388)
(400)	122,900	48,100
94,798	10,819	1,094,316
69,439	784,119	6,915,138
\$ 164,237	\$ 794,938	\$ 8,009,454

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. $$23\end{tabular}$

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Total Net Change in Fund Balances-Governmental Funds	\$ 1,094,316
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government- wide financial statements. Proceeds from capital leases are shown as financial resources in fund financial statements but are increases in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the 2019 capital outlays and changes in long-term debt principal is to increase net position.	743,532
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation of \$815,236 and adjustment to accumulation depreciation for disposals of (\$27,345), is to decrease net position.	(787,891)
Net pension assets as well as the related deferred inflows and outflows of resources generated from those assets are not payable from current resources and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. These balances increased (decreased) by this amount.	(81,314)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, net of uncollectible taxes, eliminating interfund transactions, and recognizing the liabilities associated with long-term debt interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net position.	50,102
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,018,745

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Agency Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 726,084
Total Assets	\$ 726,084
LIABILITIES	
Due to other	\$ 726,084
Total Liabilities	\$ 726,084

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. $$25\end{tabular}$

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

Bosque County was created in 1854 by the Texas Legislature under the provisions of Article 9, Section 1, of the Texas Constitution. The County operates under a commission form of government in which the Commissioners' Court composed of four County Commissioners, presided over by the County Judge, is the governing body. The Commissioners' Court is a court of limited jurisdiction empowered to do only those things which are specifically authorized by the State Constitution or by statute.

The financial statements of Bosque County have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for established governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of these accounting policies are described below.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The County is an independent political subdivision of the State of Texas governed by an elected four-member Commissioners' Court and County Judge and is considered a primary government. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements have been prepared based on considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions as part of the County's financial reporting entity. Based on these considerations, no other entities have been included in the County's reporting entity. Additionally, as the County is considered a primary government for financial reporting purposes, its activities are not considered a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity.

Consideration regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions in the County's financial reporting entity is based on criteria prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles. These same criteria are evaluated in considering whether the County is a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity. The overriding elements associated with prescribed criteria considered in determining that the County's financial reporting entity status is that of a primary government are that it has a separately elected governing body; it is legally separate; and it is financially independent of other state and local governments. Additional prescribed criteria under generally accepted accounting principles include considerations pertaining to organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and considerations pertaining to other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)</u>

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are to be reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The County has no business-type activities or any component units.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenue. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenue* includes 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as *general revenue*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied, net of estimated uncollectible amounts. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available when it is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenue to be available if collected within the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)</u>

Property taxes, sales taxes, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The <u>Road and Bridge Fund</u> is used to account for the operation, repair and maintenance of roads and bridges.

The <u>Capital Projects Fund</u> is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of general capital assets.

The <u>Debt Service Fund</u> is used to account for property taxes assessed for the sole purpose of servicing debt obligations.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

<u>Agency Funds</u> These funds are used to report funds of the County's fees offices and other resources held in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Agency funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, and 2) operating grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

Cash and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments for the government are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)</u>

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. As of September 30, 2019 the following allowances for property tax receivables were estimated by management, General fund \$108,642, Capital Improvement fund \$590, Jury fund \$175 and the Road and Bridge fund \$17,760. Trade accounts receivable in excess of 180 days comprise the trade accounts receivable allowance for uncollectibles, which was \$0 as of September 30, 2019. The County's property taxes are levied annually in October on the basis of the Appraisal District's assessed values as of January 1 of that calendar year. Appraisal values are established by the Appraisal District at market value and assessed at 100% of appraised value less exemptions. The County's property taxes are billed and collected by the Tax Assessor/Collector. Such taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are levied and become delinquent with an enforceable lien on property on February 1 of the subsequent calendar year. Property taxes are prorated between operations, road and bridge, and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. For the current year, the County levied property taxes of \$0.522 per \$100 of assessed valuation of which \$.475 was prorated between General, Road and Bridge, Capital Projects and Jury Funds and \$.047 was allocated to Debt Service. The resulting adjusted tax levies were based on a total adjusted taxable valuation of approximately \$1,626,015,772 for the 2019 tax year.

Prepaid Expenditures

When payment is made to a supplier of goods or services prior to the receipt of the goods or realization of the service, then the amount expended in excess of value received is recorded as a prepaid item.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment, construction in progress, and infrastructure (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the governmental activities for the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)</u>

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Furniture and Equipment	5-15
Infrastructure	20

Transfers

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to move unrestricted revenue collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Compensated Absences

County employees are not paid for unused vacation time, but they are paid for unused compensatory time. Compensatory time accrues at 5 days a year up to a maximum paid benefit for entitlement of 10 days. At September 30, 2019, the County's liability for unused compensatory time is immaterial and no amount has been recorded.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, would be deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable would be reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, and expense bond issuance costs during the current periods in which they occur. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net position and Fund Balance

In government-wide financial statements net position is reported in three categories: net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets less accumulated depreciation less outstanding principal on related debt. Net investment in capital assets does not include the unspent proceeds of capital debt.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)</u>

Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net position is considered unrestricted.

When both restricted and unrestricted sources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. The government -wide statement of net position reports \$2,788,473 of restricted assets, primarily restricted for specified purposes as designated by grantors, contributors, by vote of citizens, or governmental entities over state or local program grants.

Fund Balance Classification- The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable - Resources which cannot be spent because they are either a) not in spendable form or; b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Resources with constraints placed on the use of resources are either a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – Resources which are subject to limitations the government imposes upon itself at its highest level of decision making, and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner.

Assigned - Resources neither restricted nor committed for which a government has a stated intended use as established by those charged with governance or an official to which to those charged with governance has delegated the authority to assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned – Resources which cannot be properly classified in one of the other four categories. There are no governmental funds that reported a positive unassigned fund balance amount at year end. Unassigned balances also include negative balances in the governmental funds reporting resources restricted for specific programs.

1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)</u>

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from one sources: property taxes. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS' Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. <u>RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u>

A. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position

The *Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position* provides a summary of differences in accounting for funds and the total government net position. The primary elements reported differently are capital assets which are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in governmental funds. In addition, longterm liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Following are details of the summarized reconciliation amounts:

2. <u>RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u> (Continued)

Fixed assets	\$	26,270,806
Accumulated depreciation	φ	(9,552,027)
-		
Long-term Debt		(9,587,967)
Accumulated compensated absences	¢	7 120 912
Total capital asset debt adjustment beginning of year	\$	7,130,812
Current year capital outlay and debt service:		
Capital outlay	\$	373,824
Fixed asset disposals net of accum depreciation		-
Decrease in compensated absences		-
(Increase) decrease in long-term debt		369,708
Accrued interest expense		_
Total capital asset debt adjustment current year	\$	743,532
Other reclassification reconciliation items:		
Record fines receivable	\$	42,602
Eliminate deferred revenue on taxes		286,356
Other		7,073
Total other summarized adjustments	\$	336,031
To record pension liability		
Net pension asset (liability)	\$	15,114
Deferred retirement contributions		162,023
Deferred investment experience		(39,716)
Deferred assumption/input changes		23,633
Deferred actual vs. assumption		655,620
-	\$	816,674

B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities

The Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities provides summarized reconciliation amounts indicating differences in accounting methods between the net changes in fund balance as shown on the governmental fund statement and the changes in net position of governmental activities as reported on the government-wide statement of activities. The differences are again primarily related to current year capital outlays and debt principal payments presented as expenditures in the fund financial statements, but shown as increases in capital assets and decreases in long-term debt in the government-wide statements. Details of the various summarized amounts from the reconciliation are as follows:

2. <u>RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u> (Continued)

Current year capital outlay and debt service:	
Capital outlay	\$ 442,180
Cost of current year disposals	\$ (68,356)
Debt principal payments	369,708
Increase in accrued interest	 -
Total capital asset debt adjustment current year	\$ 743,532
Various other reclassifications current year changes:	
Change in deferred revenue	\$ 48,816
Change in fines receivable	 1,286
Total other reclassifications	\$ 50,102

3. <u>STEWARDS HIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY</u>

BUDGET DATA

The budget amounts presented in the required supplementary information include the original and final authorized amounts as amended during the year. In accordance with state statutes, an annual budget is adopted for certain governmental funds of the County in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The procedures followed by Bosque County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements are presented below.

Budget Preparation

The County Judge, as the responsible budget officer, causes budget guidelines to be issued. Upon receiving operating requests from County officials, the County Judge submits a proposed operating budget covering the General, Road and Bridge, Special Revenue, and Debt Service Funds to the Commissioners' Court. The budget includes the proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

Public Hearings

After proper publication of notices in compliance with various state statutes, a budget hearing for the purpose of obtaining public and taxpayer comments is conducted by the Commissioners' Court. Related public hearings are held regarding the proposed tax rates required to finance the proposed budget.

Budget Adoption

Following the public hearings, the Commissioners' Court makes such changes as may be warranted in the budget and adopts the budget through the passage of an order at one of its regularly scheduled meetings.

3. <u>STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)</u>

Budget Amendments

The Commissioners' Court, at its discretion, can transfer expenditures from one appropriation to another. The total expenditures may not be increased without additional public hearings.

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS</u>

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits and Investments

The County's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the County's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect County funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

At September 30, 2019, the County's cash deposits were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the County's bank in the County's name.

The County is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must be written; primarily emphasize safety of principal and liquidity; address investment diversity, yield, and maturity and the quality and capability of investment management; include a list of types of authorized investments in which the investing entity's funds may be invested; and the maximum allowable stated maturity of any individual investment owned by the entity.

The Public Funds Investment Act (Act) requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the County adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the County were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the County. These include, with certain restrictions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, the State of Texas, certificates of deposit, certain municipal securities, money market savings accounts, repurchasing agreements, bankers acceptance, mutual funds, local government investment pools, guaranteed investment contracts, and common trust funds.

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)</u>

Investments held by the County at September 30, 2018 consisted of the following:

Investment Type	Hist	toric Cost	Fai	r Value	Credit Rating
Logic Tex Pool	\$	283,116 112	\$	283,116 113	AAAm AAAm
Multi-Bank Securities		2,474,590		2,500,000	
	\$	2,757,818	\$	2,783,229	

Policies Governing Deposits and Investments

The County is a voluntary participant in the TexPool and LOGIC external investment pool.

The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises responsibility over TexPool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an advisory board composed of both participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool. TexPool operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. TexPool uses amortized cost rather than market value to report net position to compute share prices. Accordingly, the fair value of the position in TexPool is the same as the value of TexPool Shares. TexPool is subject to annual review by an independent auditor consistent with the Public Funds Investment Act. In addition, TexPool is subject to review by the State Auditor's Office and by the Internal Auditor of the Comptroller's Office.

Local Government Investment Cooperative (LOGIC) (the "Pool") was organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code, and operates as a public funds investment pool under the Public Funds Investment Act. LOGIC is organized and existing as a business trust under the laws of the State of Texas with all Participant funds and all investment assets held and managed in trust by a Board of Trustees for the benefit of the Participants. The Board of Trustees is LOGIC's governing body and is comprised of employees, officers or elected officials of Participant Government Entities or individuals who do not have a business relationship with the Pool and are qualified to advise it. A maximum of two advisory board members represent the Co-Administrators of the Pool.

Policies Governing Deposits and Investment and Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks:

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the County was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end:

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: This is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County was not exposed to custodial credit

4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

risk because its deposits at year-end and during the year ended September 30, 2019 were covered by depository insurance or by pledged collateral held by the County's agent bank in the County's name.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investment: This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investments are subject to custodial credit risk only if they are evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Thus positions in external investment pools are not subject to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

Concentration of Credit Risk: There is a risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

To minimize credit risk, TexPool's investment policy allows the portfolio's investment manager to only invest in obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies; repurchase agreements; and no-load AAAm money market mutual funds registered with the SEC.

To minimize credit risk Logics's investment policy allows The Portfolio may engage in portfolio trading in an attempt to maximize the total return on assets. 11. The Portfolio will not invest in the aggregate more than 20% of its monthly average balance in SEC registered money market funds or invest its funds in any one SEC registered money market fund in an amount that exceeds 5% of its total assets.

As of September 30, 2019, TexPool and LOGIC's investment credit quality rating was AAAm (Standard & Poor's). The certificates of deposit are not rated.

Interest Rate Risk: In accordance with its investment policy, the County manages its exposure to declines in fair value by structuring maturities to meet obligations of the County first and then achieve the highest rate of return of interest. When the County has funds not required to meet current obligations, maturity restraints will be imposed upon the investment strategy for each group of funds. The maximum allowable stated maturity of any individual investment owned by the County shall not exceed eighteen months from the time of purchase.

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)</u>

B. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

There were no interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2019 except for agency funds of the County to the respective fund. The interfund receivables have not been eliminated from the statement of net position because agency funds assets and liabilities are not reported as assets owned by the government.

C. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Capital asset activity for the County for the year ended September 30, 2019 was as follows:

	September 30,			September 30,
	2018	Increase	Decrease	2019
Government activities capital assets:				
Non-depreciable assets:				
Land	\$ 160,264	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 160,264
Construction in process		-		
Total non-depreciable assets	160,264			160,264
Depreciable assets:				
Buildings	18,667,056	-	-	18,667,056
Furniture and equipment	7,123,567	442,180	68,356	7,497,391
Infrastructure	319,919	-	-	319,919
Total depreciable assets	26,110,542	442,180	68,356	26,484,366
Totals at historic cost	26,270,806	442,180	68,356	26,644,630
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	3,821,845	420,838	-	4,242,683
Furniture and equipment	5,425,820	388,473	27,345	5,786,948
Infrastructure	304,362	5,925	-	310,287
Total accumulated depreciation	9,552,027	815,236	27,345	10,339,918
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated, net	16,558,515	(373,056)	41,011	16,144,448
Governmental capital assets, net	\$16,718,779	\$ (373,056)	\$ 41,011	\$ 16,304,712

4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

Current year depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General administration	\$ 179,294
Law enforcement	467,873
Road and bridge	 168,069
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 815,236

E. LONG-TERM DEBT

During the year ended September 30, 2017, the County issued \$9,565,000 of government obligation bonds for the construction of the jail capital improvement project. The bond was issued for governmental activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. The bond was issued as a 20-year serial bond with varying amounts of principal maturing each year with interest rates varying from 2-4%.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the general obligation bond are as follows:

General Obligation Bonds	Governmental Activities	Total
Due Fiscal Year Ending September 30	Principal Interest	Requirements
2020	\$ 360,000 \$ 276,570	\$ 636,570
2021	375,000 263,670	638,670
2022	390,000 248,370	638,370
2023	405,000 232,470	637,470
2024	420,000 215,970	635,970
2025-2029	2,360,000 829,775	3,189,775
2030-2034	2,730,000 452,480	3,182,480
2035-2039	1,835,000 78,050	1,913,050
Total	\$ 8,875,000 \$ 2,597,355	\$ 11,472,355

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)</u>

Long-term debt activity for the year ended September 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Ending					Ending	
	Balance					Balance	Due within
Description	9/30/2018	Inc	reases	<u> </u>	Decreases	 9/30/2019	one year
Governmental activities:							
General obligation bonds	\$9,225,000	\$	-	\$	(350,000)	\$ 8,875,000	\$ 360,000
Deferred amounts:							
For issuance premiums	362,967		-		(19,708)	343,259	
Governmental activities	_						
long-term liabilities	\$ 9,587,967	\$	-	\$	(369,708)	\$ 9,218,259	\$ 360,000

F. RISK MANAGRISK MANAGEMENT

Health Insurance

During the year ended September 30, 2019 employees of Bosque County were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The County paid annual health insurance premiums of \$839,988. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll deductions to pay any additional cost for dependent coverage. All premiums were paid to a licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

Workers' Compensation

During the year ended September 30, 2019, employees of Bosque County were covered by a workers' compensation plan administered by the Texas Association of Counties. The County paid a contribution of \$35,136 for the year ended September 30, 2019. These figures are subject to change based upon actual payroll figures.

Contingencies

The County participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies: therefore, to the extent that the County has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the County, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)</u>

Litigation

The County's Attorney has indicated that there are no claims or lawsuits filed or pending against the County.

G. RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description

The County provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of 735 nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, TX 78768-2034.

Benefits Provided

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at age 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 8 years of service but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can expect to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act. There are no automatic postemployment benefit changes, including automatic COLAs.

4. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)

At the December 31, 2018 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees of beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	66
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	129
Active employees	109
	304

Contributions

The employer has elected the annually determined contribution rate (Variable Rate) plan provision of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually.

The employer contributed using the actuarially determined rate of 4.4% for the calendar year ending in 2018. The deposit rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2018 is the rate of 5% as adopted by the governing body of the employer. The employee and employer deposit rates may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

Net Pension Asset

The employer's Net Pension Asset NPA for the year ended September 30, 2019, was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the Total Pension Asset TPA used to calculate the Net Pension Asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.75% per year
Overall payroll growth	3.25% per year
Investment Rate of Return	8.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The annual salary increase rates assumed for individual members vary by length of service and by entry-age group. The annual rates consist of a general wage inflation component of 3.25% (made up of 2.75% inflation and .5% productivity increase assumptions) and a merit, promotion and longevity component that on average approximates 1.6% per year for a career employee.

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)</u>

Mortality rates for depositing members were based on 90% of the RP-2014 Active Employee Mortality Table for males and females as appropriate, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014. Service retirees, beneficiaries and non-depositing members were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, for males and females as appropriate, with adjustments, both projected with 130% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014. Disabled retirees were based on 130% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 115% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 115% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 115% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 115% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown are based on January 2019 information for a 10-year time horizon. Note that the valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a 30-year time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in 2017. See Milliman's TCDRS Investigation of Experience report for the period January 1, 2013 – December 31, 2016 for more details. Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return minus the assumed inflation rate of 1.70%, per Cliffwater's 2019 capital market assumptions. Target asset allocation adopted at the April 2019 TCDRS Board meeting can be seen below:

			Geometric Real Rate of Return
		Target	(Expected minus
Asset Class	Benchmark	Allocation	inflation)
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	10.5%	5.40%
	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture		
Private Equity	Capital Index	18.0%	8.40%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.5%	5.70%
Int'l Equities - Developed Markets	MSCI World Ex USA (net)	10.0%	5.40%
Int'l Equities - Emerging Markets	MSCI EM Standard (net) Index	7.0%	5.90%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.0%	1.60%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	12.0%	4.39%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	11.0%	7.95%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index	2.0%	7.20%
	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33% S&P Global		
REIT Equities	REIT (net) Index	2.0%	4.15%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	3.0%	5.35%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index	6.0%	6.30%
	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite		
Hedge Funds	Index	13.0%	3.90%
Total		100.0%	

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)</u>

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 8.1%. Using the alternative method, the projected fiduciary net position is determined to be sufficient compared to projected benefit payments based on the funding requirements under the County's funding policy and the legal requirements under the TCDRS Act.

- 1. TCDRS has a funding policy where the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) shall be amortized as a level percent of pay over 20-year closed layered periods.
- 2. Under the TCDRS Act, the County is legally required to make the contribution specified in the funding policy.
- 3. The County assets are projected to exceed its accrued liabilities in 20 years or less. When this point is reached, the County is still required to contribute at least the normal cost.
- 4. Any increased cost due to the adoption of a COLA is required to be funded over a period of 15 years.

Since the projected fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future years, the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and the net pension liability of the County is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments.

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Т	otal Pension	Plan Fiduciary Net Pensio			
	Lia	bility (Asset)	Ν	et Position	Liab	ility (Asset)
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)
Balance at 12/31/2017	\$	9,803,560	\$	10,799,546	\$	(995,986)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		364,930		-		364,930
Interest on total pension liability		802,324		-		802,324
Effect of plan changes		-		-		-
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses		28,435		-		28,435
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		-		-		-
Refund of contributions		(79,690)		(79,690)		-
Benefit payments		(457,285)		(457,285)		-
Administrative expenses		-		(8,415)		8,415
Member contributions		-		227,798		(227,798)
Net investment income		-		(202,413)		202,413
Employer contributions		-		200,015		(200,015)
Other		-		(2,167)		2,167
Net changes	\$	658,714	\$	(322,157)	\$	980,871
Balance at 12/31/2018	\$	10,462,274	\$	10,477,389	\$	(15,115)

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)</u>

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 8.1%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (7.1%) or 1-percentage point higher (9.1%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (7.1%)		Discount Rate (8.1%)		1% Increase in Discount Rate (9.1%)		
Total pension liability	\$	11,742,173	\$	10,462,274	\$	9,383,995	
Fiduciary net position Net pension liability (asset)	\$	10,477,388 1,264,785	\$	<u>10,477,388</u> (15,114)	\$	10,477,388 (1,093,393)	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separatelyissued TCDRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.tcdrs.org.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$303,834.

As of September 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	In	Deferred Defer Inflows of Outflow Resources Resou		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	39,716	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		-		23,633
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		-		655,620
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		_		162,023
Total	\$	39,716	\$	841,276

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2019.

4. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS (Continued)</u>

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Valuation year ended December 31:						
2019	\$ 242,257					
2020	93,723					
2021	89,072					
2022	214,485					
2023	_					
Thereafter	-					

5. <u>TAX ABAITMENTS</u>

As of September 30, 2019, Bosque County provides tax abatements through the Texas Property Redevelopment and Tax Abatement Act, V.A.T.S Tax Code Chapter 312:

The Texas Property Redevelopment and Tax Abatement Act Chapter 312 of the Tax Code authorizes local taxing units, other than school districts, at their discretion to offer temporary property tax exemptions for improvements to existing property. For Texas Counties, property may be exempted for up to 10 years with property tax exemptions at an amount up to 100%. Texas Law - Article VIII, Section 1-g (a) The Legislature by general law may authorize cities, towns, and other taxing units to grant exemptions or other relief from ad valorem taxes on property located in a reinvestment zone for the purpose of encouraging development or redevelopment and improvement of the property. Bosque County has four abatements as of September 30, 2019 as noted by Bosque County Central Appraisal District Adjusted Totals and the value of the Abatements equaled to \$12,615,533.

Owner DBA	2019 Abatement Value
Walnut Springs Solar LLC	6,024,560.00
Yellow Jacket Solar LLC	2,803,644.00
Shopko	1,289,945.00
Ranglers	2,497,384.00

6. <u>COVID-19</u>

County officials are currently evaluating the COVID-19 virus and its impact on the County and has concluded that while it is reasonably possible that the virus has had a negative effect on the County and results of operations, the specific impact is not readily determinable as of the date of these financial statements. The County is currently working with multiple federal, state and local entities on the COVID-19 virus impact. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

			Actual	Variance With Final Budget
	Budgeted	Amounts	GAAP BASIS	Positive
	Original	Final	(See Note)	(Negative)
REVENUES:				
Taxes:				
Property taxes	\$ 6,302,062	\$ 6,302,062	\$ 6,285,713	\$ (16,349)
General sales and use taxes	485,000	485,000	641,264	156,264
Intergovernmental revenue and grants	309,883	334,883	356,305	21,422
Fines and fees	300,500	300,500	432,114	131,614
Forfeitures	-	-	8	8
Investment earnings	20,000	20,000	221,841	201,841
Other revenue	21,000	39,792	95,924	56,132
Total Revenues	7,438,445	7,482,237	8,033,169	550,932
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General Government:				
Public finance	831,342	830,897	759,997	70,900
General administration	2,368,853	2,400,344	1,737,788	662,556
Judicial	1,514,099	1,546,420	1,436,708	109,712
Law enforcement	3,049,674	3,077,066	2,775,508	301,558
Debt Service:				
Debt principal-capital leases	-	-	-	-
Debt interest-capital leases	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay:				
Capital outlay	177,500	168,350	157,989	10,361
Total Expenditures	7,941,468	8,023,077	6,867,990	1,155,087
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				
Expenditures	(503,023)	(540,840)	1,165,179	1,706,019
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	325,000	325,000	408,598	83,598
Transfers out	(530,000)	(530,000)	(715,480)	(185,480)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(205,000)	(205,000)	(306,882)	(101,882)
Change in Fund Balance	(708,023)	(745,840)	858,297	1,604,137
Fund Balance-Beginning	4,018,804	4,018,804	4,018,804	-
Fund Balance-Ending	\$ 3,310,781	\$ 3,272,964	\$ 4,877,101	\$ 1,604,137
r und Datanice-Ending	ψ 3,310,701	φ 3,212,704	φ +,077,101	φ 1,004,137

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ROAD AND BRIDGE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual GAAP BASIS	Variance With Final Budget Positive
-	Original	Final	(See Note)	(Negative)
REVENUES:	Oligina	1 mai	(500 11000)	(riegurie)
Taxes:				
Property taxes	\$ 1,002,120	\$ 1,002,120	\$ 1,012,497	\$ 10,377
Auto registrations	400,000	400,000	422,076	22,076
Intergovernmental revenue and grants	30,000	30,000	29,848	(152)
Fines and fees	505,000	505,000	631,873	126,873
Investment earnings				
Total Revenues	1,937,120	1,937,120	2,096,294	159,174
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Roads	1,984,479	2,035,599	1,953,260	82,339
Capital Outlay:				
Capital outlay	135,000	220,500	161,135	59,365
Total Expenditures	2,119,479	2,256,099	2,114,395	141,704
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under))			
Expenditures	(182,359)	(318,979)	(18,101)	300,878
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Other revenue	10,000	10,000	48,500	38,500
Sale of surplus property	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	61,948	153,948	97,865	(56,083)
Transfers out (use)			(2,000)	(2,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Use	71,948	163,948	144,365	(19,583)
Change in Fund Balance	(110,411)	(155,031)	126,264	281,295
Fund Balance-Beginning	1,728,920	1,728,920	1,728,920	
Fund Balance-Ending	\$ 1,618,509	\$ 1,573,889	\$ 1,855,184	\$ 281,295
		-		

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAPITAL PROJECTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

						Actual		ance With al Budget
		Budgeted	Amo	ounts	GA	AP BASIS	F	ositive
	(Driginal		Final	(S	See Note)	(N	legative)
REVENUES:								
Taxes:								
Property taxes	\$	33,595	\$	33,595	\$	33,942	\$	347
Investment earnings		-		-		-		-
Total Revenues		33,595		33,595		33,942		347
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Capital Outlay:								
Capital outlay		390,000		490,000		117,921		372,079
Total Expenditures		390,000		490,000		117,921		372,079
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		-		-		155,833		155,833
Transfers out (use)		(300,000)		(200,000)		(67,716)		132,284
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		88,117		288,117
Change in Fund Balance		(356,405)		(456,405)		4,138		660,543
Fund Balance-Beginning		313,856		313,856		313,856		-
Fund Balance-Ending	\$	(42,549)	\$	(142,549)	\$	317,994	\$	660,543

BOSQUE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Last 10 Years (will ultimately be displayed)

Total Pension Liability	2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
Service cost	364930	\$ 391,143	\$ 390,835	\$ 353,975	\$ 318,363
Interest on total pension liability	802324	761,277	707,468	677,368	638,921
Effect of plan changes	-	-	-	(59,580)	-
Effect of assumption changes or inputs	-	47,267	-	87,134	-
Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses	28435	(117,347)	(118,022)	(240,907)	(105,477)
Benefit payments/refunds of contributions	(536,975)	 (561,313)	 (471,450)	 (431,217)	 (385,900)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	658,714	521,027	508,831	386,773	465,907
Total Pension Liability, beginning	9803560	 9,282,533	 8,773,702	 8,386,929	 7,921,023
Total Pension Liability, ending (a)	\$ 10,462,274	\$ 9,803,560	\$ 9,282,533	\$ 8,773,702	\$ 8,386,930
Fiduciary Net Position					
Employer contributions	200015	\$ 181,923	\$ 181,349	\$ 188,913	\$ 175,546
Member contributions	227798	208,148	200,164	200,972	182,862
Investment income net of investment expenses	(202,413)	1,396,195	664,253	(714)	595,482
Benefit payments/refunds of contributions	(536,975)	(561,313)	(471,450)	(431,217)	(385,900)
Administrative expenses	(8,415)	(7,182)	(7,278)	(6,535)	(6,824)
Other	(2,167)	 (2,363)	 (28,857)	 (16,090)	 (47,154)
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	(322,157)	1,215,408	538,181	(64,671)	514,012
Fiduciary Net Position, beginning	10,799,546	 9,584,138	 9,045,957	 9,110,628	 8,596,618
Fiduciary Net Position, ending (b)	\$ 10,477,389	\$ 10,799,546	\$ 9,584,138	\$ 9,045,957	\$ 9,110,628
Net Pension Liability (Asset), ending = (a) - (b)	\$ (15,115)	\$ (995,986)	\$ (301,605)	\$ (272,255)	\$ (723,700)
Fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability	100.14%	110.16%	103.25%	103.10%	108.63%
Pensionable covered payroll	\$ 4,555,950	\$ 4,162,961	\$ 4,003,284	\$ 4,019,432	\$ 3,629,498
Net pension liability/(asset) as a % of covered payroll	-0.33%	-23.92%	-7.53%	-6.77%	-19.94%

Note: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, recalculations of prior years are not required, and if prior years are not reported in accordance with the standards of GASB 67/68, they should not be shown here. Therefore, we have shown only years for which the new GASB statements have been implemented.

Year Ending	Actuarially Determined	Actual Employer	Contribution Deficiency	Pensionable Covered	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered
December 31	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payoll
2009	54,527	175,894	(121,367)	3,517,872	5.0%
2010	74,638	252,401	(177,763)	3,605,722	7.0%
2011	68,340	88,067	(19,727)	3,522,655	2.5%
2012	70,841	85,146	(14,305)	3,405,794	2.5%
2013	113,043	146,796	(33,753)	3,364,368	4.4%
2014	174,216	175,546	(1,330)	3,629,498	4.8%
2015	188,913	188,913	-	4,019,432	4.7%
2016	181,349	181,349	-	4,003,284	4.5%
2017	181,923	181,923	-	4,162,961	4.4%
2018	200,015	200,015	-	4,555,950	4.4%

BOSQUE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS Last 10 Years

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

GENERAL BUDGET POLICIES

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- The County Judge, as budget officer, with the assistance of the County Auditor, prepares a budget to cover all proposed expenditures and the means for financing them for the fiscal year beginning October 1, and submits the proposed budget to the Commissioners' Court. The budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis, which is consistent with the fund financial statements.
- The Commissioners' Court holds budget hearings for the public to make comments.
- The Commissioners' Court, prior to October 1, formally adopts the budget in an open court meeting.
- The adopted budget becomes the authorization for all legal expenditures for the County for the fiscal year. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

The formally adopted budget may be legally amended by commissioners in accordance with Article 689A-11 or 689A-20 of Vernon's Annotated Civil Statutes.

The County maintains its legal level of budgetary control at the department level. Amendments to the 2019 budget were approved by the Commissioners' Court as provided by law throughout the year. All departmental expenditures remained within the appropriations budgets for the year.

ENCUMBRANCES

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at September 30, and encumbrances outstanding at the time are to be either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

RETIREMENT SCHEDULES

Valuation Date

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

RETIREMENT SCHEDULES (Continued)

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining Amortization Period	0.0 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/2018 valuation)
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	Varies by age and service. 4.9% average over career including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	8.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Retirement Age	Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.
Mortality	130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.
Changes in Assumptions and Methods Reflected in the Schedule of Employer Contributions*	2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected. 2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected.
Changes in Plan Provisions Reflected in the Schedule of Employer Contributions*	2015: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits earned after 2017.2018: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

COMBINING STATEMENTS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenue that is legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Dreal	oation		Record servation	Turner		Law .ibrary
	FIO	Jation	Fle	servation	Jury	1	Jorary
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	261,358	\$ 48,195	\$	88,022
Investments-current		-		-	-		-
Taxes receivable		-		-	540		-
Due from other funds		-		-	-		-
Prepaid items		-		-	 -		-
Total Assets	\$	-	\$	261,358	\$ 48,735	\$	88,022
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS							
AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Deficit cash	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Accounts payable		-		6	161		192
Due to other funds		-		-	-		-
Wages and salaries payable		-		-	 25		-
Total Liabilities		-		6	 186		192
Deferred Inflows:							
Deferred revenue				-	 364		-
Fund Balances:							
Restricted		_		261,352	48,185		87,830
Unassigned		_		-	 -		-
Total Fund Balances				261,352	 48,185		87,830
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows							
and Fund Balances	\$	-	\$	261,358	\$ 48,735	\$	88,022

Atte	ounty orney's t Check	District Attorney		Districts Attorney's Hot Check		D.A. Drug Forfeiture		Court Reporter		Security		Grant	
\$	15,802	\$	78,344	\$	3,371	\$	4,303	\$	23,292	\$	23,248	\$	25,365
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		- 1,816		-		-		-		-		-
	-		1,810		-		3,746		-		-		-
\$	15,802	\$	80,307	\$	3,371	\$	8,049	\$	23,292	\$	23,248	\$	25,365
\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
	_		6,490		94		_		_		139		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	_		12,344		-		-				1,655		-
	-		18,834		94		_		-		1,794		-
	_		-										-
	15,802		61,473		3,277		8,049		23,292		21,454		25,365
	15,802		61,473		3,277		8,049		23,292		21,454		25,365
\$	15,802	\$	80,307	\$	3,371	\$	8,049	\$	23,292	\$	23,248	\$	25,365

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	pecial rfeiture	 stable 1 ucation	 stable 2 ucation	Enfo	Law prcement ucation
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,185	\$ 5,673	\$ 4,021	\$	3,013
Investments-current	-	-	-		-
Taxes receivable	-	-	-		-
Due from other funds	-	-	-		-
Prepaid items	-	-	-		-
Total Assets	\$ 5,185	\$ 5,673	\$ 4,021	\$	3,013
LABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:					
Deficit cash	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Accounts payable	2				
Due to other funds	_	_			_
Wages and salaries payable	_	_	_		-
Total Liabilities	2	-	 -		
Deferred Inflows: Deferred revenue	 -	 _	 		_
Fund Balances:					
Restricted	5,183	5,673	4,021		3,013
Unassigned	 	 -	 -		
Total Fund Balances	 5,183	 5,673	 4,021		3,013
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows					
and Fund Balances	\$ 5,185	\$ 5,673	\$ 4,021	\$	3,01

Constable 1 Special Forfeiture		D.A. Art 18 Special Forfeiture		JP 1 & 2 & District Clerk Tech Fees		Pre-Trial Fees		Voting Machine		Sherriff's Office Drug Forfeiture		Total Ionmajor Vernmenta Funds
\$ 13	3,190 - -		46,334 - -	\$	63,609 - -	\$ 17,655 - -	\$	71,927 - -	\$	11,757 - -		813,664 - 540
	-		-		-	 -		-		-		1,816 3,893
\$ 13	3,190	\$	46,334	\$	63,609	\$ 17,655	\$	71,927	\$	11,757	\$	819,913
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-	-		6		-		7,090
	-		-		-	-		- 3,497		-		- 17,521
	-		-		-	 -		3,503	_	-		24,611
						 -		-		-		364
13	3,190 -		46,334 -		63,609 -	17,655		68,424 -		11,757 -		794,938 -
13	3,190		46,334		63,609	 17,655		68,424		11,757		794,938
\$ 13	3,190	\$	46,334	\$	63,609	\$ 17,655	\$	71,927	\$	11,757	\$	819,913

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Proba	tion	ecord ervation	Jury	Law .ibrary
REVENUES:					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 10,110	\$ -
Intergovernmental revenue and grants		-	-	-	-
Fines and fees		-	99,887	3,527	10,990
Forfeitures		-	-	-	-
Investment earnings		-	-	-	-
Other revenue		-	-	-	-
Total Revenues		-	 99,887	 13,637	 10,990
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General Government:					
Public finance		1	-	-	-
General administration		-	23,290	-	-
Judicial		-	-	8,911	3,728
Public safety		-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay:					
Capital outlay			 -	 -	 -
Total Expenditures		1	 23,290	 8,911	 3,728
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)	1				
Expenditures		(1)	 76,597	 4,726	 7,262
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Other revenue		-	-	-	-
Transfers in		-	10,442	1,300	-
Transfers out		(328)	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(328)	 10,442	 1,300	 -
Net Change in Fund Balance		(329)	87,039	6,026	7,262
Fund Balance-Beginning		329	 174,313	42,159	 80,568
Fund Balance-Ending	\$	-	\$ 261,352	\$ 48,185	\$ 87,830

County Attorney's Hot Check	District Attorney	Districts Attorney's Hot Check	D.A. Drug Forfeiture	Court Reporter	Security	Grants	
\$ - 1,442 - 29 - 1,471	\$ - 564,006 - - - - - 564,006	\$ - - - - 6 - 6	\$ - - - 12 - 12	\$ - 3,639 - - - 3,639	\$ - - 15,044 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ - 4,395 - - 2,623 7,018	
- - -	- - 552,168 -	- - -	- - 8,005 -	- - 895 -	- 54,791 - -	- - 230	
	552,168		8,005	895	<u>964</u> 55,755	- 230	
1,471	11,838	6	(7,993)	2,744	(40,711)	6,788	
- - -	- - -	- - -	- 2,350 -	- - -	55,000	- - (95,864)	
			2,350		55,000	(95,864)	
1,471	11,838	6	(5,643)	2,744	14,289	(89,076)	
14,331 \$ 15,802	49,635 \$ 61,473	3,271 \$3,277	13,692 \$ 8,049	20,548 \$ 23,292	7,165 \$ 21,454	114,441 \$ 25,365	

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Special Forfeiture	nstable 1 lucation	stable 2 ucation	Enfo	Law prcement ucation
REVENUES:					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Intergovernmental revenue and grants	-	-	-		3,025
Fines and fees	-	682	913		
Forfeitures	-	-	-		-
Investment earnings	-	-	-		-
Other revenue	-	-	-		-
Total Revenues		 682	913		3,025
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
General Government:					
Public finance	-	-	-		-
General administration	-	-	1,061		-
Judicial	-	-	-		-
Public safety	2	74	-		9,349
Capital Outlay:					
Capital outlay	-	-	-		-
Total Expenditures	2	 74	 1,061		9,349
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)					
Expenditures	(2)	 608	 (148)		(6,324
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Other revenue	-	-	-		-
Transfers in	-	-	-		-
Transfers out	-	-	-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		 -	 -		-
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2)	608	(148)		(6,324
Fund Balance-Beginning	5,185	 5,065	 4,169		9,337
Fund Balance-Ending	\$ 5,183	\$ 5,673	\$ 4,021	\$	3,013

Constable 1 Special Forfeiture	D.A. Art 18 Special Forfeiture	JP 1 & 2 & District Clerk Tech Fees	Pre-Trial Fees	Voting Machine Fees	Sherriff's Office Drug Forfeiture	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ 10,110
φ -	Ψ	Ψ -	φ	Ψ	Ψ -	571,426
-	-	14,528	4,030	-	-	154,682
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
27	-	-	110	-	-	184
-	_		-	18,235	_	20,858
27		14,528	4,140	18,235		757,260
-	-	-	-	-	-	1
-	-	-	-	116,638	-	195,780
2,127	-	-	-	-	-	575,834
-	-	-	-	-	4,000	13,655
-		6,030		77,077		- 84,071
2,127		6,030		193,715	4,000	869,341
(2,100)		8,498	4,140	(175,480)	(4,000)	(112,081)
-	-	-	-	- 150,000	-	- 219,092
-	-	-	-	-	-	(96,192)
				150,000		122,900
(2,100)	-	8,498	4,140	(25,480)	(4,000)	10,819
15,290	46,334	55,111	13,515	93,904	15,757	784,119
\$ 13,190	\$ 46,334	\$ 63,609	\$ 17,655	\$ 68,424	\$ 11,757	\$ 794,938

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ROAD AND BRIDGE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Road and Bridge #1	Road and Bridge #2	Road and Bridge #3
ASSETS	¢ 1 4 0 100	¢ 104 110	¢ 01 640
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 142,199	\$ 124,113	\$ 91,640
Investments-current	-	-	-
Taxes receivable	9,118	17,960	13,539
Intergovernmental receivables	-	-	-
Due from other funds	2 7 1 7	2011	2011
Prepaid items	3,717	3,911	3,911
Total Assets	\$155,034	\$ 145,984	\$ 109,090
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCE:	5		
Liabilities:			
Deficit cash	\$ -	\$-	\$ -
Accounts payable	11,172	13,390	20,794
Wages and salaries payable	6,305	6,411	7,705
Total Liabilities	17,477	19,801	28,499
Deferred inflows:	0.110	0.110	0.110
Deferred revenue	9,119	9,118	9,118
Fund Balances:			
Nonspendable	3,717	3,911	3,911
Restricted	124,721	113,154	67,562
Unassigned			
Total Fund Balances	128,438	117,065	71,473
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances	\$ 155,034	\$ 145,984	\$ 109,090

		Total
Road and	Road and	Road and
Bridge	Bridge	Bridge
#4	Maintenance	Funds
\$274,965	\$ 234,139	\$ 867,056
-	1,014,664	1,014,664
13,539	262	54,418
-	35,988	35,988
3,905	-	15,444
\$ 292,409	\$ 1,285,053	\$ 1,987,570
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
		\$ -
16,114	7,498	68,968
() ()		0 4 400
6,261		26,682
6,261 22,375	- 7,498	26,682 95,650
22,375		95,650
	7,498	
22,375		95,650
22,375 9,119 3,905 257,010 -		95,650 <u>36,736</u> 15,444 1,839,740 -
22,375 9,119 3,905		95,650 <u>36,736</u> 15,444

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - ROAD AND BRIDGE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	oad and Bridge #1	Road and Bridge #2 \$ 251,319 105,519 7,462 48,601 412,901 377,691 67,269 444,960 (32,059)		oad and Bridge #3
	 # 1		112	115
REVENUES:				
Taxes:				
Property taxes	\$ 251,319	\$	251,319	\$ 251,319
Auto registrations	105,519		105,519	105,519
Intergovernmental revenue and grants	7,462		7,462	7,462
Fines and fees	48,601		48,601	48,601
Total Revenues	412,901		412,901	412,901
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Roads	362,271		377 691	409,211
Capital Outlay:	562,271		577,071	109,211
Capital outlay	10,440		67.269	13,396
Total Expenditures	372,711			422,607
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				
Expenditures	40,190		(32,059)	 (9,706)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Other revenue	(2,231)		17,540	13,876
Sale of Surplus Property				
Proceeds from capital leases	-		-	-
Transfers in	-		-	2,000
Transfers out	(2,000)		-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (4,231)		17,540	 15,876
Net Change in Fund Balance	35,959		(14,519)	6,170
Fund Balance-Beginning	92,479		131,584	 65,303
Fund Balance-Ending	\$ 128,438	\$	117,065	\$ 71,473

					Total
	oad and	R	Road and	F	Road and
J	Bridge #4	M۶	Bridge aintenance		Bridge Funds
					1 unus
\$	251,319	\$	7,221	\$	1,012,497
	105,519		-		422,076
	7,462		-		29,848
	48,601 412,901		<u>437,469</u> 444,690		631,873 2,096,294
	412,901		+++,020		2,070,274
	416,767		387,320		1,953,260
	5,500		64,530		161,135
	422,267		451,850		2,114,395
	(9,366)		(7,160)		(18,101)
	4,651		14,664		48,500
	4,001		-		
	-		-		-
	-		95,865 -		97,865 (2,000)
	4,651		110,529		144,365
	(4,715)		103,369		126,264
	265,630		1,173,924		1,728,920
\$	260,915	\$	1,277,293	\$	1,855,184

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ROAD AND BRIDGE PRECINCT 1 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

					Actual		Variance With Final Budget	
		Budgeted	l Amo			AP BASIS		Positive
	(Original		Final	(S	ee Note)	(N	legative)
REVENUES:								
Taxes:								
Property taxes	\$	248,743	\$	248,743	\$	251,319	\$	2,576
Auto registrations		100,000		100,000		105,519		5,519
Intergovernmental revenue and grants		7,500		7,500		7,462		(38)
Fines and fees		40,000		40,000		48,601		8,601
Investment earnings		-		-		-		-
Total Revenues		396,243		396,243		412,901		16,658
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Roads		459,416		458,916		362,271		96,645
Capital Outlay:								
Capital outlay		10,000		10,500		10,440		60
Total Expenditures		469,416		469,416		372,711		96,705
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures		(73,173)		(73,173)		40,190		113,363
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Other revenue		-		-		(2,231)		(2,231)
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out (use)		-		-		(2,000)		(2,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		(4,231)		(4,231)
Change in Fund Balance		(73,173)		(73,173)		35,959		109,132
Fund Balance-Beginning		92,479		92,479		92,479		-
Fund Balance-Ending	\$	19,306	\$	19,306	\$	128,438	\$	109,132

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ROAD AND BRIDGE PRECINCT 2 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

						Actual		iance With	
		Budgeted	Am	ounte	GA	AP BASIS		al Budget Positive	
		Original	And	Final		lee Note)		(Negative)	
REVENUES:		Oliginai		1 11141	(5		(1	(egative)	
Taxes:									
Property taxes	\$	248,743	\$	248,743	\$	251,319	\$	2,576	
Auto registrations	Ŷ	100,000	Ŷ	100.000	Ψ	105,519	Ψ	5,519	
Intergovernmental revenue and grants		7,500		7,500		7,462		(38)	
Fines and fees		40,000		40,000		48,601		8,601	
Investment earnings		-		-		-		-	
Total Revenues		396,243		396,243		412,901		16,658	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Roads		490,511		515,131		377,691		137,440	
Capital Outlay:									
Capital outlay		50,000		70,000		67,269		2,731	
Total Expenditures		540,511		585,131		444,960		140,171	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)									
Expenditures		(144,268)		(188,888)		(32,059)		156,829	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Other revenue		-		-		17,540		17,540	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		17,540		17,540	
Change in Fund Balance		(144,268)		(188,888)		(14,519)		174,369	
Fund Balance-Beginning		131,584		131,584		131,584		-	
Fund Balance-Ending	\$	(12,684)	\$	(57,304)	\$	117,065	\$	174,369	
Fund Balance-Ending	\$	(12,684)	\$	(57,304)	\$	117,065	\$	1	

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ROAD AND BRIDGE PRECINCT 3 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

						Actual		iance With
		Budgeted	Δmc	unts	G۵	AP BASIS		al Budget Positive
		Original	7 1110	Final		See Note)		Vegative)
REVENUES:		ongina		1 11101	(~		(1	(egui (e)
Taxes:								
Property taxes	\$	248,743	\$	248,743	\$	251,319	\$	2,576
Auto registrations		100,000		100,000		105,519		5,519
Intergovernmental revenue and grants		7,500		7,500		7,462		(38)
Fines and fees		40,000		40,000		48,601		8,601
Total Revenues		396,243		396,243		412,901		16,658
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Roads		511,878		511,878		409,211		102,667
Capital Outlay:								
Capital outlay		25,000		25,000		13,396		11,604
Total Expenditures		536,878		536,878		422,607		114,271
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under))							
Expenditures		(140,635)		(140,635)		(9,706)		130,929
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Other revenue		10,000		10,000		13,876		(3,876)
Transfers in		-		-		2,000		2,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses))	10,000		10,000		15,876		(1,876)
Change in Fund Balance		(130,635)		(130,635)		6,170		129,053
Fund Balance-Beginning		65,303		65,303		65,303		-
Fund Balance-Ending	\$	(65,332)	\$	(65,332)	\$	71,473	\$	129,053

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ROAD AND BRIDGE PRECINCT 4 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

					Actual	Variance With Final Budget	
	Budgeted	Amo	ounts	GA	AP BASIS	I	Positive
	Original		Final	(5	See Note)	(N	Negative)
\$	248,743	\$	248,743	\$	251,319	\$	2,576
	100,000		100,000		105,519		5,519
	7,500		7,500		7,462		(38)
	40,000		40,000		48,601		8,601
	396,243		396,243		412,901		16,658
	522,674		522,674		416,767		105,907
	50,000		50,000		5,500		44,500
	572,674		572,674		422,267		150,407
)							
	(176,431)		(176,431)		(9,366)		167,065
	-		-		4,651		4,651
)	-		-		4,651		4,651
	(176,431)		(176,431)		(4,715)		171,716
	265,630		265,630		265,630		-
\$	89,199	\$	89,199	\$	260,915	\$	171,716
	\$ 	Original \$ 248,743 100,000 7,500 40,000 396,243 522,674 50,000 572,674 r) (176,431) 265,630	Original \$ 248,743 \$ 100,000 7,500 40,000 396,243 - 522,674 - 50,000 - 572,674 - (176,431) - (176,431) 265,630	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Original Final (\$ \$ 248,743 \$ 248,743 \$ 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 7,500 7,500 $40,000$ 40,000 40,000 $40,000$ 396,243 396,243 $396,243$ 522,674 522,674 $522,674$ 522,674 $522,674$ $50,000$ $572,674$ $572,674$ $572,674$ (176,431) (176,431) $(176,431)$ (176,431) (176,431) $(176,431)$ 265,630 265,630 $265,630$	Original Final (See Note) \$ 248,743 \$ 248,743 \$ 251,319 100,000 100,000 105,519 7,500 7,500 7,462 40,000 40,000 48,601 396,243 396,243 412,901 522,674 522,674 416,767 50,000 50,000 5,500 572,674 572,674 422,267 r) (176,431) (176,431) (9,366) - - 4,651 (3) - - 4,651 (176,431) (176,431) (4,715) 265,630 265,630 265,630	Original Final (See Note) (N \$ 248,743 \$ 248,743 \$ 251,319 \$ 100,000 100,000 105,519 \$ 7,500 7,500 7,462 \$ 40,000 40,000 48,601 \$ 396,243 396,243 412,901 \$ 522,674 522,674 416,767 \$ 50,000 50,000 5,500 \$ 572,674 572,674 422,267 \$ (176,431) (176,431) (9,366) \$ - - 4,651 \$ (176,431) (176,431) (4,715) \$ 265,630 265,630 265,630 \$

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ROAD AND BRIDGE MAINTENANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

				Actual		Variance With Final Budget		
	 Budgeted	l Am	ounts	GA	AAP BASIS		Positive	
	Original		Final	(See Note)		()	(Negative)	
REVENUES:								
Taxes:								
Property taxes	\$ 7,148	\$	7,148	\$	7,221	\$	73	
Auto registrations	-		-		-		-	
Intergovernmental revenue and grants	-		-		-		-	
Fines and fees	 345,000		345,000		437,469		92,469	
Total Revenues	 352,148		352,148		444,690		92,542	
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Roads	-		27,000		387,320		(360,320)	
Capital Outlay:								
Capital outlay	-		65,000		64,530		(470)	
Total Expenditures	 -		92,000		451,850		(360,790)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures	 352,148		260,148		(7,160)		(268,248)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Investment Earnings	-		-		14,664		14,664	
Transfers in	61,948		153,948		95,865		(58,083)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	61,948		153,948		110,529		(43,419)	
Change in Fund Balance	414,096		414,096		103,369		(311,667)	
Fund Balance-Beginning	 1,173,924		1,173,924		1,173,924		-	
Fund Balance-Ending	\$ 1,588,020	\$	1,588,020	\$	1,277,293	\$	(311,667)	

CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

]	Jail ^F und	Permanent Improvement Fund		Total Capital Project Funds	
ASSETS	\$		\$	318,494	\$	318,494
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable	Ф	-	Ф	1,221	Ф	1,221
Other assets		1,000		-		1,221
Total Assets	\$	1,000	\$	319,715	\$	320,715
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	1,500	\$	1,500
Total Liabilities		-		1,500		1,500
Deferred inflows:						
Deferred revenue				1,221		1,221
End Delegan						
Fund Balances: Nonspendable		1,000				1,000
Assigned		-		316,994		316,994
Unassigned				-		-
Total Fund Balances		1,000		316,994		317,994
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances	\$	1,000	\$	319,715	\$	320,715

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Permanent Jail Improvement Fund Fund		Total Capital Project Funds
REVENUES:			
Taxes:			
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 33,942	\$ 33,942
Total Revenues		33,942	33,942
EXPENDITURES:			
Debt Service:			
Capital Outlay:			
Capital outlay	67,563	50,358	117,921
Total Expenditures	67,563	50,358	117,921
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)			
Expenditures	(67,563)	(16,416)	(83,979
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Transfers in	155,833	-	155,833
Transfers out	(67,716)		(67,716
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	88,117	-	88,117
Net Change in Fund Balance	20,554	(16,416)	4,138
Fund Balance-Beginning	(19,554)	333,410	313,856
Fund Balance-Ending	\$ 1,000	\$ 316,994	\$ 317,994

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAPITAL PROJECTS - JAIL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

			Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Budgeted	l Amounts	GAAP BASIS		
	Original	Final	(See Note)		
REVENUES:					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Total Revenues	-	-		-	
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Capital Outlay:					
Capital outlay		100,000	67,563	32,437	
Total Expenditures		100,000	67,563	32,437	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	-	-	155,833	155,833	
Transfers out	(300,000)	(200,000)	(67,716)	132,284	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	-	88,117	288,117	
Change in Fund Balance	-	(100,000)	20,554	320,554	
Fund Balance-Beginning	(19,554)	(19,554)	(19,554)		
Fund Balance-Ending	\$ (19,554)	\$ (119,554)	\$ 1,000	\$ 320,554	

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CAPITAL PROJECTS - PERMANENT IMROVEMENT FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amo	ounts			Fin	iance With al Budget Positive
Original Final		(See Note)		(Negative)			
\$	33,595	\$	33,595	\$	33,942	\$	347
	33,595		33,595		33,942		347
	390,000		390,000		50,358		339,642
	390,000		390,000		50,358		339,642
	(356,405)		(356,405)		(16,416)		339,989
	(19,554)		(19,554)		333,410		352,964
\$	(375,959)	\$	(375,959)	\$	316,994	\$	692,953
	\$	Original <u>\$ 33,595</u> <u>33,595</u> <u>33,595</u> <u>390,000</u> <u>390,000</u> (356,405) (19,554)	Original \$ 33,595 \$ 33,595 \$ 3390,000 390,000 390,000 (356,405) (19,554) (19,554)	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Budgeted Amounts GA Original Final (S \$ 33,595 \$ 33,595 \$ 33,595 \$ 33,595 \$ 33,595 \$ 33,595 \$ 390,000 390,000	Original Final (See Note) \$ 33,595 \$ 33,595 \$ 33,942 33,595 \$ 33,595 \$ 33,942 33,595 33,595 \$ 33,942 390,000 390,000 50,358 390,000 390,000 50,358 (356,405) (356,405) (16,416) (19,554) (19,554) 333,410	Budgeted Amounts GAAP BASIS Fin Original Final (See Note) (N $$ 33,595$ $$ 33,595$ $$ 33,595$ $$ 33,942$ $$ 33,595$ $33,595$ $$ 33,595$ $$ 33,942$ $$ 33,942$ $$ 33,942$ $$ 33,942$ $390,000$ $390,000$ $50,358$ $$ 3390,000$ $$ 50,358$ $$ 3390,000$ $$ 50,358$ $$ 330,000$ $$ 50,358$ $$ 330,000$ $$ 50,358$ $$ 330,000$ $$ 50,358$ $$ 330,000$ $$ 50,358$ $$ 333,410$ $$ 333,410$ $$ 333,410$ $$ 333,410$ $$ 333,410$ $$ 333,410$ $$ 333,410$ $$ 333,410$ $$ 333,410$ $$ 333,410$ $$ 333,410$ $$ 330,410$ $$ 330,410$ $$ 330,410$ $$ 330,410$ $$ 330,410$ $$ 330,410$ $$ 330,410$ $$ 330,410$ $$ 330,410$ $$ 330,410$ $$ 330,410$ $$ 330,410$ $$ 300,610$ $$ 300,610$ $$ 300,610$ $$ 300,610$ $$ 300,610$ $$ 300,610$ $$ 300,610$ $$ 300,610$ $$ 300,610$ $$ 300,610$ $$ 300,610$ $$ 300,610$ $$ 300,610$

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds.

BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	BALANCE OCTOBER 1			BALANCE SEPTEMBER 30	
	2018	ADDITIONS	DEDUCTIONS	2019	
SHERIFF'S DEPARTMENT Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,735	\$ 12,362	\$ -	\$ 28,097	
Liabilities:					
Due to others	\$ 15,735	\$ 12,362	\$ -	\$ 28,097	
DISTRICT CLERK					
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 142,466	\$ 26,772	\$ 10,816	\$ 158,422	
Liabilities:					
Due to others	\$ 142,466	\$ 26,772	\$ 10,816	\$ 158,422	
COUNTY CLERK					
Assets:	¢ 100.0 07	¢ 120	ф 17 <i>с</i> 170	¢ 22.002	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 198,927	\$ 138	\$ 176,173	\$ 22,892	
Liabilities:					
Due to others	\$ 198,927	\$ 138	\$ 176,173	\$ 22,892	
TAX ASSESSOR/COLLECTOR					
Assets:	¢ 500 550	• •• ••	¢ 00 (70 700)	¢	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 503,778	\$ 32,556,919	\$ 32,672,738	\$ 387,959	
Liabilities:					
Due to others	\$ 503,778	\$ 32,556,919	\$ 32,672,738	\$ 387,959	
JUVENILE PROBATION					
Assets:	¢	¢ 71 000	¢	¢ 71 000	
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$</u>	\$ 71,099	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 71,099	
Liabilities:					
Due to others	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 71,099	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 71,099	
CHILD WELFARE Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 37,186	\$ -	\$ 37,186	
Liabilities:					
Due to others	\$ -	\$ 37,186	\$ -	\$ 37,186	
COUNTY ATTORNEY ESCROW					
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 20,429	\$ -	\$ 20,429	
Liabilities:					
Due to others	\$ -	\$ 20,429	\$ -	\$ 20,429	
TOTAL AGENCY FUNDS					
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 860,906	\$ 32,724,905	\$ 32,859,727	\$ 726,084	
Total Assets	\$ 860,906	\$ 32,724,905	\$ 32,859,727	\$ 726,084	
Liabilities: Due to others	\$ 860,906	\$ 32,724,905	\$ 32,859,727	\$ 726,084	
Due to onlers	φ 000,200	$\Psi 52,127,700$	φ 52,057,121	φ 720,004	
Total Liabilities	\$ 860,906	\$ 32,724,905	\$ 32,859,727	\$ 726,084	